

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

June 18, 1999
DATE OF REPORT (Date of earliest event reported)

ACXIOM CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE	0-13163	71-0581897
(State or other	(Commission	(IRS Employer
jurisdiction of	File Number)	Identification Number)
incorporation)		

1 Information Way
Little Rock, Arkansas 72202
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)

(501) 252-1000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Item 5. Other Events.

On May 28, 1999, registrant acquired Computer Graphics of Arizona, Inc., and all of its affiliated companies in a stock-for-stock merger. Registrant accounted for the transaction as a pooling of interests. Because of this transaction, if registrant desires to file a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, registrant will be required to prepare restated financial statements reflecting such transaction.

Registrant has prepared restated supplemental consolidated financial statements reflecting the above-described transaction and is filing them as Exhibit 99 to this Current Report on Form 8-K so that registrant may incorporate such financial statements into any future registration statements by reference to this report.

Item 7. Financial Statements and Exhibits

(c) Exhibits

23.1 Consent of KPMG LLP

23.2 Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

99 Supplemental Consolidated Financial Statements of Acxiom Corporation (as restated to reflect the acquisition of Computer Graphics of Arizona, Inc., and all of its affiliated companies on May 28, 1999)

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ACXIOM CORPORATION

By: /s/ Catherine L. Hughes

Catherine L. Hughes

Secretary and Corporate Counsel

Date: June 18, 1999

Exhibit Index

Number in
Exhibit Table

Exhibit

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23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP
23.2	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
99	Supplemental Consolidated Financial Statements of Acxiom Corporation (as restated to reflect the acquisition of Computer Graphics of Arizona, Inc., and all of its affiliated companies on May 28, 1999)

Independent Auditors' Consent

The Board of Directors
Acxiom Corporation:

We consent to incorporation by reference in the registration statements (No. 333-72009 on Form S-3 and No. 33-17115, No. 33-37609, No. 33-37610, No. 33-42351, No. 33-72310, No. 33-72312, No. 33-63423 and No. 333-03391 on Form S-8) of Acxiom Corporation of our report dated June 11, 1999, relating to the supplemental consolidated financial statements and related supplemental consolidated financial statement schedule of Acxiom Corporation and subsidiaries as of March 31, 1999 and 1998, and for each of the years in the three-year period ended March 31, 1999 which report appears in this current report on Form 8-K of Acxiom Corporation.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Little Rock, Arkansas
June 18, 1999

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-3 (No. 333-72009) and Form S-8 (No. 33-17115, No. 33-37609, No. 33-37610, No. 33-42351, No. 33-72310, No. 33-72312, No. 33-63423 No. 333-03391 and No. 333-63633) of Acxiom Corporation of our report dated November 1, 1996, which appears in this Current Report on Form 8-K of Acxiom Corporation, relating to the consolidated statements of operations, of stockholders' equity and of cash flows of May & Speh, Inc. for the year ended September 30, 1996 (not presented separately herein).

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chicago, Illinois
June 18, 1999

ACXIOM CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARIES

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
Acxiom Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying supplemental consolidated financial statements of Acxiom Corporation and subsidiaries as listed in the accompanying index. In connection with our audits of the supplemental consolidated financial statements, we have also audited the supplemental financial statement schedule as listed in the accompanying index. These supplemental consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these supplemental consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the consolidated financial statements of May & Speh, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary, which statements reflect total revenues constituting 15 percent of the related consolidated total during the year ended March 31, 1997. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for May & Speh, Inc., is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The supplemental consolidated financial statements give retroactive effect to the merger of Acxiom Corporation and Computer Graphics of Arizona, Inc. on May 28, 1999, which has been accounted for as a pooling of interests as described in Note 2 to the supplemental consolidated financial statements. Generally accepted accounting principles proscribe giving effect to a consummated business combination accounted for by the pooling-of-interests method in financial statements that do not include the date of consummation. These financial statements do not extend through the date of consummation. However, they will become the historical consolidated financial statements of Acxiom Corporation and subsidiaries after financial statements covering the date of consummation of the business combination are issued.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, the supplemental consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Acxiom Corporation and subsidiaries as of March 31, 1999 and 1998, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended March 31, 1999, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applicable after financial statements are issued for a period which includes the date of consummation of the business combination. Also in our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors, the related supplemental financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic supplemental consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

KPMG LLP

Little Rock, Arkansas
June 11, 1999

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS'

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
of May & Speh, Inc.

In our opinion, the consolidated statements of operations, of cash flows and of changes in stockholders' equity of May & Speh, Inc. (not presented separately herein) present fairly, in all material respects, its results of operations and its cash flows for the year ended September 30, 1996, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit of these statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chicago, Illinois
November 1, 1996

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

March 31, 1999 and 1998

(Dollars in thousands)

ASSETS	1999	1998
	-----	-----
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents...	\$ 12,604	\$117,652
Marketable securities.....	--	11,794
Trade accounts receivable, net (note 12).....	184,799	122,413
Refundable income taxes (note 9).....	12,651	7,670
Deferred income taxes (note 9).....	30,643	2,868
Other current assets (note 5).....	61,302	32,307
	-----	-----
Total current assets....	301,999	294,704
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization (notes 4 and 6).....	226,381	187,258
Software, net of accumulated amortization of \$17,941 in 1999 and \$11,642 in 1998 (note 3)	37,400	38,673
Excess of cost over fair value of net assets acquired, net of accumulated amortization of \$13,517 in 1999 and \$8,585 in 1998 (note 2)	122,483	73,851
Other assets (note 5).....	201,537	87,148
	-----	-----
	\$889,800	\$681,634
	=====	=====
 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Current installments of long-term debt (note 6)....	\$ 23,355	\$ 10,466
Trade accounts payable.....	60,216	22,876
Accrued expenses:		
Merger and integration costs (note 2).....	33,181	--
Payroll.....	18,224	18,466
Other.....	25,744	20,846
Deferred revenue.....	7,195	11,547
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities.....	167,915	84,201
Long-term debt, excluding current installments (note 6).....	325,223	254,240
Deferred income taxes (note 9).....	38,889	34,968
Stockholders' equity (notes 2, 6, 8 and 9):		
Common stock.....	8,106	7,592
Additional paid-in capital..	186,011	122,038
Retained earnings.....	167,013	182,155
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).....	(324)	676
Unearned ESOP compensation..	--	(2,055)
Treasury stock, at cost....	(3,033)	(2,181)
	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity.....	357,773	308,225
Commitments and contingencies (notes 2, 6, 7, 10, 11 and		

14).....

-----	-----
\$889,800	\$681,634
=====	=====

See accompanying notes to supplemental consolidated financial statements.

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Years ended March 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	1999	1998	1997
	-----	-----	-----
Revenue (notes 2 and 12).....	\$754,057	\$592,329	\$499,232
Operating costs and expenses (notes 2, 3, 7, 10 and 11):			
Salaries and benefits.....	283,659	219,339	178,684
Computer, communications and other equipment..	111,876	87,529	77,631
Data costs.....	111,395	93,382	80,758
Other operating costs and expenses.....	129,764	106,470	93,953
Special charges (note 2).....	118,747	4,700	--
	-----	-----	-----
Total operating costs and expenses.....	755,441	511,420	431,026
	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) from operations.....	(1,384)	80,909	68,206
	-----	-----	-----
Other income (expense):			
Interest expense.....	(17,393)	(10,091)	(5,840)
Other, net.....	6,478	4,402	183
	-----	-----	-----
Total other income.....	(10,915)	(5,689)	(5,657)
	-----	-----	-----
Earnings (loss) before income taxes.....	(12,299)	75,220	62,549
Income taxes (note 9).....	2,843	28,065	23,605
	-----	-----	-----
Net earnings (loss).....	\$(15,142)	\$ 47,155	\$ 38,944
	=====	=====	=====
Earnings (loss) per share:			
Basic.....	\$ (.19)	\$.64	\$.55
	=====	=====	=====
Diluted.....	\$ (.19)	\$.58	\$.49
	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to supplemental consolidated financial statements.

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Years ended March 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997

(Dollars in thousands)

	Common stock		Additional paid-in capital
	Number of shares	Amount	
Balances at March 31, 1996.....	66,859,872	\$6,686	\$ 53,088
Pro CD merger (note 2).....	3,313,324	331	2,647
Sale of common stock.....	4,381,362	438	46,828
Tax benefit of stock options exercised (note 9).....	--	--	2,232
Issuance of common stock warrants.....	--	--	1,300
Employee stock awards and shares issued to employee benefit plans, net of treasury shares repurchased.....	--	--	1,359
ESOP compensation earned.....	--	--	--
Comprehensive income:			
Foreign currency translation.....	--	--	--
Net earnings.....	--	--	--
Total comprehensive income.....			
Balances at March 31, 1997.....	74,554,558	7,455	107,454
May & Speh merger (note 2).....	72,160	7	115
Sale of common stock.....	1,235,971	124	9,158
Tax benefit of stock options exercised (note 9).....	--	--	2,763
Employee stock awards and shares issued to employee benefit plans, net of treasury shares repurchased.....	57,529	6	2,548
ESOP compensation earned.....	--	--	--
Comprehensive income:			
Foreign currency translation.....	--	--	--
Net earnings.....	--	--	--
Total comprehensive income.....			
Balances at March 31, 1998.....	75,920,218	7,592	122,038
Sale of common stock.....	4,000,000	400	11,850
Tax benefit of stock options and warrants exercised (note 9).....	--	--	36,393
Issuance of warrants (note 2).....	--	--	2,676
Employee stock awards and shares issued to employee benefit plans, net of treasury shares repurchased.....	1,144,198	114	13,054
ESOP compensation earned.....	--	--	--
Comprehensive loss:			
Foreign currency translation.....	--	--	--
Net loss.....	--	--	--
Total comprehensive loss.....			
Balances at March 31, 1999.....	81,064,416	\$8,106	\$186,011

See accompanying notes to supplemental consolidated financial statements.

Comprehensive income (loss)	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Unearned ESOP compensation	Treasury stock		Total stockholders' equity (note 7)
				Number of shares	Amount	
	\$ 96,514	\$ (863)	\$(8,906)	(1,242,242)	\$(2,323)	\$144,196
	(4,752)	--	--	--	--	(1,774)
	--	--	--	--	--	47,266
	--	--	--	--	--	2,232
	--	--	--	--	--	1,300
	--	--	--	145,912	(192)	1,167
	--	--	3,134	--	--	3,134
1,141	--	1,141	--	--	--	1,141
38,944	38,944	--	--	--	--	38,944
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
\$ 40,085						
=====						
	130,706	278	(5,772)	(1,096,330)	(2,515)	237,606
	4,294	--	1,188	--	--	5,604
	--	--	--	--	--	9,282
	--	--	--	--	--	2,763
	--	--	--	259,410	334	2,888
	--	--	2,529	--	--	2,529
398	--	398	--	--	--	398
47,155	47,155	--	--	--	--	47,155
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
\$ 47,553						
=====						
	182,155	676	(2,055)	(836,920)	(2,181)	308,225
	--	--	--	--	--	12,250
	--	--	--	--	--	36,393
	--	--	--	--	--	2,676
	--	--	--	104,649	(852)	12,316
	--	--	2,055	--	--	2,055
(1,000)	--	(1,000)	--	--	--	(1,000)
(15,142)	(15,142)	--	--	--	--	(15,142)
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
\$(16,142)						
=====						
	\$167,013	\$ (324)	--	(732,271)	\$(3,033)	\$357,773
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 Years ended March 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997
 (Dollars in thousands)

	1999	1998	1997
	-----	-----	-----
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net earnings (loss).....	\$ (15,142)	\$ 47,155	\$ 38,944
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization.....	64,097	49,808	35,640
Loss (gain) on disposal or impairment of assets.....	26	(960)	2,412
Provision for returns and doubtful accounts...	2,223	3,094	4,462
Deferred income taxes.....	(23,854)	12,143	8,163
Tax benefit of stock options and warrants exercised.....	36,393	2,763	2,232
ESOP compensation.....	2,055	2,529	3,134
Special charges.....	118,747	4,700	--
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable.....	(61,286)	(29,670)	(24,683)
Other assets.....	(62,446)	(41,998)	(16,930)
Accounts payable and other liabilities.....	27,983	20,624	(9,218)
Merger and integration costs.....	(28,385)	(4,700)	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash provided by operating activities...	60,411	65,488	44,156
	-----	-----	-----
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds from the disposition of assets.....	733	15,340	2,385
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities...	11,794	19,021	12,919
Purchases of marketable securities.....	--	(5,778)	(31,366)
Cash received in merger.....	--	--	21
Development of software.....	(18,544)	(21,411)	(10,715)
Capital expenditures.....	(127,880)	(68,093)	(65,286)
Investments in joint ventures.....	(10,400)	(6,072)	--
Net cash paid in acquisitions (note 2).....	(45,983)	(19,841)	(16,223)
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash used in investing activities.....	(190,280)	(86,834)	(108,265)
	-----	-----	-----
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from debt.....	18,939	125,820	39,509
Payments of debt.....	(18,607)	(10,542)	(20,994)
Sale of common stock.....	24,566	12,171	48,433
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash provided by financing activities...	24,898	127,449	66,948
	-----	-----	-----
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash.....	(77)	2	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents.....	(105,048)	106,105	2,839
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year.	117,652	11,547	12,132
	-----	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year.....	\$ 12,604	\$117,652	\$ 14,971
	=====	=====	=====
Supplemental cash flow information:			
Cash paid (received) during the year for:			
Interest.....	\$ 15,608	\$ 9,350	\$ 5,147
Income taxes.....	(4,715)	13,360	15,936
Noncash financing and investing activities:			
Issuance of warrants.....	2,676	--	1,300
Enterprise software licenses acquired under software obligation.....	74,638	10,949	--
Acquisition of property and equipment under capital lease.....	--	14,939	11,373
Convertible debt issued in acquisition (note 2).....	--	--	25,000
	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to supplemental consolidated financial statements.

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Description of Business

Acxiom Corporation ("Acxiom" or the "Company") provides information management solutions using customer, consumer and business data, primarily for marketing applications. Business segments of the Company provide list services, data warehousing, consulting, data content, fulfillment services, and outsourcing and facilities management services primarily in the United States (U.S.) and United Kingdom (U.K.).

(b) Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The supplemental consolidated financial statements give retroactive effect to the merger of Acxiom Corporation and Computer Graphics of Arizona, Inc. on May 28, 1999, which has been accounted for as a pooling of interests as described in Note 2 to the supplemental consolidated financial statements. Generally accepted accounting principles proscribe giving effect to a consummated business combination accounted for by the pooling-of-interests method in financial statements that do not include the date of consummation. These financial statements do not extend through the date of consummation. However, they will become the historical consolidated financial statements of Acxiom Corporation and subsidiaries after financial statements covering the date of consummation of the business combination are issued.

The supplemental consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Investments in 20% to 50% owned entities are accounted for using the equity method and investments in less than 20% owned entities are accounted for at cost.

(c) Use of Estimates

Management of the Company has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these supplemental consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(d) Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are stated at cost which approximates fair market value; gains and losses are recognized in the period realized. The Company has classified its securities as available for sale.

(e) Accounts Receivable

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of trade accounts receivable. The Company's receivables are from a large number of customers. Accordingly, the Company's credit risk is affected by general economic conditions. Although the Company has several large individual customers, concentrations of credit risk are limited because of the diversity of the Company's customers.

Trade accounts receivable are presented net of allowances for doubtful accounts and credits of \$5.6 million and \$3.8 million in 1999 and 1998, respectively.

(f) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization are calculated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows: buildings and improvements, 5-31.5 years; office furniture and equipment, 3-12 years; and data processing equipment, 2-10 years.

Property held under capitalized lease arrangements is included in property and equipment, and the associated liabilities are included with long-term debt. Property and equipment taken out of service and held for sale is recorded at net realizable value and depreciation is ceased.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

(g) Software and Research and Development Costs

Capitalized and purchased software costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining estimated economic life of the product, or the amortization that would be recorded by using the ratio of gross revenues for a product to total current and anticipated future gross revenues for that product, whichever is greater. Research and development costs incurred prior to establishing technological feasibility of software products are charged to operations as incurred.

(h) Excess of Cost Over Fair Value of Net Assets Acquired

The excess of acquisition costs over the fair values of net assets acquired in business combinations treated as purchase transactions ("goodwill") is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 15 to 40 years from acquisition dates. The Company periodically evaluates the existence of goodwill impairment on the basis of whether the goodwill is fully recoverable from the projected, undiscounted net cash flows of the related business unit. The amount of goodwill impairment, if any, is measured based on projected discounted future operating cash flows using a discount rate reflecting the Company's average cost of funds. The assessment of the recoverability of goodwill will be impacted if estimated future operating cash flows are not achieved.

(i) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from services, including consulting, list processing and data warehousing, and from information technology outsourcing services, including facilities management contracts, are recognized as services are performed. In the case of long-term outsourcing contracts, capital expenditures incurred in connection with the contract are capitalized and amortized over the term of the contract whereby profit is recognized under the contracts at a consistent rate of margin as services are performed under the contract. In certain outsourcing contracts, additional revenue is recognized based upon attaining certain annual margin improvements or cost savings over performance benchmarks as specified in the contracts. Such additional revenue is recognized when it is determinable that such benchmarks have been met.

Revenue from sales and licensing of software and data are recognized when the software and data are delivered, the fee for such data is fixed or determinable, and collectibility of such fee is probable. Software and data file maintenance is recognized over the term of the agreements. In the case of multiple-element software and data arrangements, revenue is allocated to the respective elements based upon their relative fair values. Billed but unearned portions of revenue are deferred.

(j) Income Taxes

The Company and its domestic subsidiaries file a consolidated Federal income tax return. The Company's foreign subsidiaries file separate income tax returns in the countries in which their operations are based.

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

(k) Foreign Currency Translation

The balance sheets of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are translated at year-end rates of exchange, and the statements of earnings are translated at the weighted average exchange rate for the period. Gains or losses

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

resulting from translating foreign currency financial statements are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the statement of stockholders' equity.

(1) Earnings Per Share

A reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share is shown below (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	1999	1998	1997
	-----	-----	-----
Basic earnings per share:			
Numerator-net earnings (loss).....	\$(15,142)	\$47,155	\$38,944
	=====	=====	=====
Denominator-weighted average shares outstanding.....	77,840	74,070	71,150
	=====	=====	=====
Earnings (loss) per share.....	\$ (.19)	\$.64	\$.55
	=====	=====	=====
Diluted earnings per share:			
Numerator:			
Net earnings (loss).....	\$(15,142)	\$47,155	\$38,944
Interest expense on convertible debt (net of tax effect).....	--	465	445
	-----	-----	-----
	\$(15,142)	\$47,620	\$39,389
	=====	=====	=====
Denominator:			
Weighted average shares outstanding.....	77,840	74,070	71,150
Effect of common stock options.....	--	3,593	3,782
Effect of common stock warrant.....	--	3,015	3,004
Convertible debt.....	--	2,102	2,000
	-----	-----	-----
	77,840	82,780	79,936
	=====	=====	=====
Earnings (loss) per share.....	\$ (.19)	\$.58	\$.49
	=====	=====	=====

All potentially dilutive securities were excluded from the above calculations for the year ended March 31, 1999 because they were antidilutive. The equivalent share effects of common stock options and warrants which were excluded were 5,632. Potentially dilutive shares related to the convertible debt which were excluded were 7,783. Also, interest expense on the convertible debt (net of income tax effect) excluded in computing diluted loss per share was \$4,257.

Options to purchase shares of common stock that were outstanding during 1999, 1998 and 1997 but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings (loss) per share because the option exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares are shown below (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	1999	1998	1997
	-----	-----	-----
Number of shares under option.	1,491	2,176	1,432
Range of exercise prices.....	\$24.24-\$54.00	\$15.94-\$35.92	\$18.61-\$35.00

(m) Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangibles are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by

the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell.

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

(n)Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

(o)Reclassifications

To conform to the 1999 presentation, certain accounts for 1998 and 1997 have been reclassified. The reclassifications had no effect on net earnings for 1998 and 1997.

(2) Acquisitions

On May 28, 1999, the Company completed the acquisition of Computer Graphics of Arizona, Inc. ("Computer Graphics") and all of its affiliated companies in a stock-for-stock merger. The Company issued 1,871,343 shares of its common stock in exchange for all outstanding common stock of Computer Graphics. Computer Graphics, a privately held enterprise headquartered in Phoenix, Arizona, is a computer service business principally serving financial services direct marketers. The acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests, and, accordingly, the consolidated financial statements for periods prior to the combination have been restated to include the accounts and results of operations of Computer Graphics.

Effective January 1, 1999, the Company acquired three database marketing units from Deluxe Corporation ("Deluxe"). The purchase price was \$23.6 million, of which \$18.0 million was paid in cash at closing and the remainder was paid in April 1999. Deluxe's results of operations are included in the Company's consolidated results of operations beginning January 1, 1999. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. The excess of cost over net assets acquired of \$21.9 million is being amortized using the straight-line method over 15 years. The pro forma effect of the acquisition is not material to the Company's consolidated results of operations for the periods reported.

On September 17, 1998, the Company issued 20,858,923 shares of its common stock in exchange for all outstanding capital stock of May & Speh, Inc. ("May & Speh"). Additionally, the Company assumed all of the outstanding options granted under May & Speh's stock option plans with the result that 4,289,202 shares of the Company's common stock became subject to issuance upon exercise of such options. This business combination has been accounted for as a pooling of interests and, accordingly, the consolidated financial statements for periods prior to the combination have been restated to include the accounts and results of operations of May & Speh.

The results of operations previously reported by Acxiom, May & Speh and Computer Graphics and the combined amounts presented in the accompanying supplemental consolidated financial statements are summarized below.

	1999	1998	1997
	-----	-----	-----
Revenue:			
Acxiom.....	\$729,984	\$465,065	\$402,016
May & Speh.....	--	103,955	77,223
Computer Graphics.....	24,073	23,309	19,993
	-----	-----	-----
Combined.....	\$754,057	\$592,329	\$499,232
	=====	=====	=====
Net earnings (loss):			
Acxiom.....	\$(16,430)	\$ 35,597	\$ 27,512
May & Speh.....	--	10,458	10,223
Computer Graphics.....	1,288	1,100	1,209
	-----	-----	-----
Combined.....	\$(15,142)	\$ 47,155	\$ 38,944
	=====	=====	=====

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

Included in the statement of operations for the year ended March 31, 1999 are revenue of \$66.6 million and net earnings of \$9.3 million for May & Speh for the period from April 1, 1998 to September 17, 1998.

Prior to the combination, May & Speh's fiscal year ended September 30. In recording the pooling-of-interests combination, May & Speh's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 1998 were combined with Acxiom's consolidated financial statements for the same period and May & Speh's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 1996 were combined with Acxiom's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 1997. May & Speh's unaudited consolidated results of operations for the six months ended March 31, 1997 included revenue of \$42.9 million and net earnings of \$4.3 million. An adjustment has been made to retained earnings as of March 31, 1997 to record the net earnings of May & Speh for the six months ended March 31, 1997.

During the year ended March 31, 1999, the Company recorded special charges totaling \$118.7 million related to merger and integration charges associated with the May & Speh merger and the write down of other impaired assets. The charges consisted of approximately \$10.7 million of transaction costs to be paid to investment bankers, accountants, and attorneys; \$8.1 million in associate-related reserves, principally employment contract termination costs and severance costs; \$48.5 million in contract termination costs; \$11.5 million for the write down of software; \$29.3 million for the write down of property and equipment; \$7.8 million for the write down of goodwill and other assets; and \$2.8 million in other write downs and accruals.

The transaction costs are fees which were incurred as a direct result of the merger transaction. The associate-related reserves include 1) payments to be made under a previously existing employment agreement with one terminated May & Speh executive in the amount of \$3.5 million, 2) payments to be made under previously existing employment agreements with seven May & Speh executives who are remaining with Acxiom, but are entitled to payments totaling \$3.6 million due to the termination of their employment agreements, and 3) involuntary termination benefits aggregating \$1.0 million to seven May & Speh and Company employees whose positions have been or will be eliminated. One of the seven positions, for which \$0.7 million was accrued, was not related to the May & Speh merger, but related to a Company associate whose position was eliminated as a result of the closure of the Company's New Jersey business location. As of March 31, 1999, one of the seven associates has been terminated.

The contract termination costs are costs which have been incurred to terminate duplicative software contracts. The amounts recorded represent cash payments which the Company has made or will make to the software vendors to terminate existing May & Speh agreements.

For all other write downs and costs, the Company performed an analysis as required under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 121 to determine whether and to what extent any assets were impaired as a result of the merger. The analysis included estimating expected future cash flows from each of the assets which were expected to be held and used by the Company. These expected cash flows were compared to the carrying amount of each asset to determine whether an impairment existed. If an impairment was indicated, the asset was written down to its fair value. Quoted market prices were used to estimate fair value when market prices were available. In cases where quoted prices were not available, the Company estimated fair value using internal valuation sources. In the case of assets to be disposed of, the Company compared the carrying value of the asset to its estimated fair value, and if an impairment was indicated, wrote the asset down to its estimated fair value.

Approximately \$110.1 million of the charge was for duplicative assets or costs directly attributable to the May & Speh merger. The remaining \$8.6 million related to other impaired assets which were impaired during

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

the year, primarily \$5.7 million related to goodwill and shut-down costs associated with the closing of certain business locations in New Jersey, Malaysia, and the Netherlands. Special charges in 1998 relate to employee severance payments made to former May & Speh executives.

The following table shows the balances which were initially accrued as of September 30, 1998, and the changes in those balances during the remainder of the year ended March 31, 1999 (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 1998	Additions	Payments	March 31, 1999
Transaction costs.....	\$ 9,163	--	\$ 9,163	--
Associate-related reserves.....	6,783	\$1,375	3,804	\$ 4,354
Contract termination costs.....	40,500	--	13,500	27,000
Other accruals.....	3,745	--	1,918	1,827
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$60,191	\$1,375	\$28,385	\$33,181
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The associate-related reserves and contract termination costs will be substantially paid out during fiscal 2000. The other accruals will be paid out over periods ranging up to five years.

Effective May 1, 1998, May & Speh acquired substantially all of the assets of SIGMA Marketing Group, Inc. ("Sigma"), a full-service database marketing company headquartered in Rochester, New York. Under the terms of the agreement, May & Speh paid \$15 million at closing for substantially all of Sigma's assets, and will pay the former owners up to an additional \$6 million, the substantial portion of which is contingent on certain operating objectives being met. Sigma's former owners were also issued warrants to acquire 276,800 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$17.50 per share in connection with the transaction. Sigma's results of operations are included in the Company's consolidated results of operations beginning May 1, 1998. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. The excess of cost over net assets acquired of \$23.2 million is being amortized using the straight-line method over 20 years. The pro forma effect of the acquisition is not material to the Company's consolidated results of operations for the periods reported.

Effective April 1, 1998, the Company purchased the outstanding stock of Normadress, a French company located in Paris. Normadress provides database and direct marketing services to its customers. The purchase price was 20 million French Francs (approximately \$3.4 million) in cash and other additional cash consideration of which approximately \$900,000 is guaranteed and the remainder is based on the future performance of Normadress. Normadress' results of operations are included in the Company's consolidated results of operations beginning April 1, 1998. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. The excess of cost over net assets acquired of \$5.7 million is being amortized using the straight-line method over 20 years. The pro forma effect of the acquisition is not material to the Company's consolidated results of operations for the periods reported.

Effective October 1, 1997, the Company acquired 100% ownership of MultiNational Concepts, Ltd. ("MultiNational") and Catalog Marketing Services, Inc. (d/b/a Shop the World by Mail), entities under common control (collectively "STW"). Total consideration was \$4.6 million (net of cash acquired) and other cash consideration based on the future performance of STW. MultiNational, headquartered in Hoboken, New Jersey, is an international mailing list and database maintenance provider for consumer catalogers interested in developing foreign markets. Shop the World by Mail, headquartered in Sarasota, Florida, provides cooperative customer acquisition programs, and also produces an international catalog of catalogs whereby end-customers in over 60 countries can order catalogs from around the world.

Also effective October 1, 1997, the Company acquired Buckley Dement, L.P. and its affiliated company, KM Lists, Incorporated (collectively "Buckley Dement"). Buckley Dement, headquartered in Skokie, Illinois,

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

provides list brokerage, list management, promotional mailing and fulfillment, and merchandise order processing to pharmaceutical, health care, and other commercial customers. Total consideration was \$14.2 million (net of cash acquired) and other cash consideration based on the future performance of Buckley Dement.

Both the Buckley Dement and STW acquisitions are accounted for as purchases and their operating results are included with the Company's results beginning October 1, 1997. The purchase price for the two acquisitions exceeded the fair value of net assets acquired by \$12.6 million and \$5.2 million for Buckley Dement and STW, respectively. The resulting excess of cost over net assets acquired is being amortized over 20 years. The pro forma effect of the acquisitions are not material to the Company's consolidated results of operations for the periods reported.

On April 9, 1996, the Company issued 3,313,324 shares of its common stock for all of the outstanding common stock and common stock options of Pro CD, Inc., ("Pro CD"). Headquartered in Danvers, Massachusetts, Pro CD is a publisher of reference software on CD-ROM. The business combination was accounted for as a pooling-of-interests. The stockholders' equity and operations of Pro CD were not material in relation to those of the Company. As such, the Company recorded the combination by restating stockholders' equity as of April 1, 1996, without restating prior years' financial statements to reflect the pooling-of-interests. At April 1, 1996 Pro CD's liabilities exceeded its assets by \$1.8 million.

Also in April, 1996, the Company acquired the assets of Direct Media/DMI, Inc. ("DMI") for \$25 million and the assumption of certain liabilities of DMI. The \$25 million purchase price was payable in three years, and could, at DMI's option, be paid in two million shares of Acxiom common stock in lieu of cash plus accrued interest. Subsequent to March 31, 1999, the holder of the convertible note elected to receive the two million shares of the Company's common stock in lieu of cash. Headquartered in Greenwich, Connecticut, DMI provides list brokerage, management and consulting services to business-to-business and consumer list owners and mailers. At April 1, 1996 the liabilities assumed by the Company exceeded the fair value of the net assets acquired from DMI by approximately \$1.0 million. The resulting excess of purchase price over fair value of net assets acquired of \$26.0 million is being amortized over 20 years. The acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase, and accordingly, the results of operations of DMI are included in the consolidated results of operations from the date of its acquisition.

Also subsequent to March 31, 1999, the Company acquired the assets of Horizon Systems, Inc. ("Horizon") for \$16.0 million in cash and common stock of the Company and the assumption of certain liabilities of Horizon, and other cash and stock considerations based on the future performance of Horizon.

(3) Software and Research and Development Costs

The Company recorded amortization expense related to internally developed computer software of \$8.3 million, \$5.9 million and \$5.4 million in 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. Additionally, research and development costs of \$17.8 million, \$13.7 million and \$13.0 million were charged to operations during 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively.

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

(4) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	1999	1998
	-----	-----
Land.....	\$ 8,224	\$ 8,427
Buildings and improvements.....	92,417	75,969
Office furniture and equipment.....	36,765	24,777
Data processing equipment.....	204,435	194,392
	-----	-----
	341,841	303,565
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization.....	115,460	116,307
	-----	-----
	\$226,381	\$187,258
	=====	=====

(5) Other Assets

Included in other assets are unamortized outsourcing capital expenditure costs in the amount of \$28.4 million and \$25.0 million as of March 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively. Noncurrent receivables from software license, data, and equipment sales are also included in other assets in the amount of \$24.9 million and \$20.3 million as of March 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively. The current portion of such receivables is included in other current assets in the amount of \$24.6 million and \$9.5 million as of March 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively. Certain of the noncurrent receivables have no stated interest rate. In such cases, such receivables have been discounted using an appropriate imputed interest rate based upon the customer, type of agreement, collateral and payment terms. This discount is being recognized into income using the interest method. Also included in other assets are capitalized software license agreements of \$103.5 million and \$19.8 million as of March 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

(6) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	1999	1998
	-----	-----
5.25% Convertible subordinated notes due 2003.....	\$115,000	\$115,000
Unsecured revolving credit agreement.....	55,384	36,445
6.92% Senior notes due March 30, 2007, payable in annual installments of \$4,286 commencing March 30, 2001; interest is payable semi-annually.....	30,000	30,000
3.12% Convertible note, interest and principal due April 30, 1999; convertible at maturity into two million shares of common stock (note 2).....	25,000	25,000
Capital leases on land, buildings and equipment payable in monthly payments of \$357 of principal and interest; remaining terms of from five to twenty years; interest rates at approximately 8%.....	20,587	22,818
Software license liabilities payable over terms of from five to seven years; effective interest rates at approximately 6%.....	76,748	10,949
8.5% unsecured term loan; quarterly principal payments of \$200 plus interest with the balance due in 2003...	9,000	9,800
9.75% Senior notes, due May 1, 2000, payable in annual installments of \$2,143 each May 1; interest is payable semi-annually.....	4,286	6,429
ESOP loan (note 11).....	--	1,782
Other capital leases, debt and long-term liabilities..	12,573	6,483
	-----	-----
Total long-term debt.....	348,578	264,706
Less current installments.....	23,355	10,466
	-----	-----
Long-term debt, excluding current installments.....	\$325,223	\$254,240
	=====	=====

In March 1998, May & Speh completed an offering of \$115 million 5.25% convertible subordinated notes due 2003. The notes are convertible at the option of the holder into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$19.89 per share. The notes also are redeemable, in whole or in part, at the option of the Company at any time on or after April 3, 2001. The total net proceeds to the Company were approximately \$110.8 million after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses.

The unsecured revolving credit agreement, which expires January 31, 2003 provides for revolving loans and letters of credit in amounts of up to \$125 million. The terms of the credit agreement provide for interest at the prime rate (or, at other alternative market rates at the Company's option). At March 31, 1999, the effective rate was 6.275%. The agreement requires a commitment fee equal to 3/16 of 1% on the average unused portion of the loan. The Company also has another unsecured line of credit amounting to \$1.5 million of which none was outstanding at March 31, 1999 or 1998. The other unsecured line expires August 31, 1999 and bears interest at approximately the same rate as the revolving credit agreement.

In connection with the construction of the Company's new headquarters building and a new customer service facility in Little Rock, Arkansas, the Company has entered into 50/50 joint ventures with local real estate developers. In each case, the Company is guaranteeing portions of the construction loans for the buildings. The aggregate amount of the guarantees at March 31, 1999 was \$8.2 million. The total cost of the two building projects is expected to be approximately \$19.5 million.

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

Under the terms of certain of the above borrowings, the Company is required to maintain certain tangible net worth levels and working capital, debt-to-equity and debt service coverage ratios. At March 31, 1999, due to the merger with May & Speh and the special charges booked during the year, the Company was in violation of certain restrictive covenants under the unsecured revolving credit agreement and the 9.75% senior notes. The violations of each of these agreements has been waived by the respective lenders. The violations occurred as a result of the net loss reported by the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 1998. Since these calculations are performed using the latest four quarters' income statements and cash flows, the violation has been waived through the June 30, 1999 quarter. After this date the violations will have been cured since the bulk of the special charges will no longer be included in the 12-month period of the applicable calculations. The aggregate maturities of long-term debt for the five years ending March 31, 2004 are as follows: 2000, \$23.4 million; 2001, \$27.8 million; 2002, \$23.6 million; 2003, \$112.2 million; and 2004, \$132.3 million.

(7) Leases

The Company leases data processing equipment, office furniture and equipment, land and office space under noncancellable operating leases. Future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases for the five years ending March 31, 2004 are as follows: 2000, \$22.9 million; 2001, \$18.0 million; 2002, \$12.0 million; 2003, \$8.9 million; and 2004, \$7.2 million.

Total rental expense on operating leases was \$24.7 million, \$15.2 million and \$18.4 million for the years ended March 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively.

(8) Stockholders' Equity

The Company has authorized 200 million shares of \$.10 par value common stock and 1 million shares of \$1.00 par value preferred stock. The Board of Directors of the Company may designate the relative rights and preferences of the preferred stock when and if issued. Such rights and preferences could include liquidation preferences, redemption rights, voting rights and dividends and the shares could be issued in multiple series with different rights and preferences. The Company currently has no plans for the issuance of any shares of preferred stock.

On March 29, 1996, May & Speh completed an initial public offering of 3,350,000 shares of its common stock (2,680,000 shares as adjusted for merger with Acxiom) and on April 24, 1996 completed the offering of an additional 1,005,000 shares of common stock (804,000 shares as adjusted) that were subject to an over-allotment granted to the underwriters of the offering. Total net proceeds from the offering were approximately \$43.5 million.

On March 30, 1998, May & Speh also completed an offering of 325,000 shares of its common stock (260,000 shares as adjusted). Total net proceeds were approximately \$3.5 million.

In connection with its data center management agreement entered into in August, 1992 with Trans Union LLC, the Company issued a warrant, which expired on August 31, 2000 and entitled Trans Union to acquire up to 4 million additional shares of newly-issued common stock. The exercise price for the warrant stock was \$3.06 per share through August 31, 1998 and increased \$.25 per share in each of the two years subsequent to August 31, 1998. The warrant was exercised for 4 million shares on August 31, 1998. The Company intends to record \$68.0 million as additional sales discounts on its tax return for the difference in the fair value of the stock on the date the warrant was exercised and the fair value of the warrant on the date the warrant was issued (note 9).

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

The Company has for its U.S. employees a Key Employee Stock Option Plan ("Plan") for which 15.2 million shares of the Company's common stock have been reserved. The Company has for its U.K. employees a U.K. Share Option Scheme ("Scheme") for which 1.6 million shares of the Company's common stock have been reserved. These plans provide that the option price, as determined by the Board of Directors, will be at least the fair market value at the time of the grant. The term of nonqualified options is also determined by the Board of Directors. Incentive options granted under the plans must be exercised within 10 years after the date of the option. At March 31, 1999, 3,427,678 shares and 822,763 shares are available for future grants under the Plan and the Scheme, respectively.

May & Speh had options outstanding under two separate plans at March 31, 1998. Generally, such options vest and become exercisable in five equal annual increments beginning one year after the issue date and expire 10 years after the issue date except in the event of change in control of May & Speh all options become fully vested and exercisable. Pursuant to the merger, the Company assumed all of the currently outstanding options granted under the May & Speh plans with the result that shares of the Company's common stock become subject to issuance upon exercise of such options.

Activity in stock options was as follows:

	Number of shares	Weighted average price per share	Number of shares exercisable
	-----	-----	-----
Outstanding at March 31, 1996.....	9,509,746	\$ 7.18	3,467,728
Granted.....	1,300,811	17.29	
Pro CD acquisition (note 2).....	294,132	1.76	
Exercised.....	(835,369)	2.41	
Terminated.....	(93,255)	7.29	

Outstanding at March 31, 1997.....	10,176,065	8.31	3,974,265
May & Speh acquisition (note 2).....	217,440	16.89	
Granted.....	2,143,176	14.88	
Exercised.....	(977,511)	3.86	
Terminated.....	(157,190)	11.89	

Outstanding at March 31, 1998	11,401,980	9.63	5,316,861
Granted.....	1,066,891	27.82	
Exercised.....	(937,411)	6.95	
Terminated.....	(115,462)	12.96	

Outstanding at March 31, 1999.....	11,415,998	12.19	7,913,294
	=====		

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

The per share weighted-average fair value of stock options granted during fiscal 1999, 1998 and 1997 was \$13.43, \$9.91 and \$8.61, respectively, on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions: Dividend yield of 0% for 1999, 1998 and 1997; risk-free interest rate of 5.44% in 1999, 6.79% in 1998, 6.71% in 1997; expected option life of 10 years for 1999, 1998 and 1997; and expected volatility of 40.48% in 1999, 38.69% in 1998 and 34.85% in 1997.

Following is a summary of stock options outstanding as of March 31, 1999:

Range of exercise prices	Options outstanding			Options exercisable	
	Options outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life	Weighted average exercise per share	Options exercisable	Weighted average exercise per share
\$ 1.38 - 2.54	1,239,220	6.33 years	\$ 2.19	1,148,996	\$ 2.23
2.56 - 3.13	1,367,719	4.81 years	2.83	1,190,833	2.79
3.37 - 6.25	2,261,009	5.06 years	5.42	1,616,736	5.29
7.43 - 11.75	1,372,414	6.76 years	10.37	1,146,462	10.44
11.82 - 15.63	1,265,951	7.32 years	13.88	949,646	13.98
15.69 - 18.13	1,350,611	10.67 years	16.55	1,168,925	16.47
18.38 - 24.81	1,849,793	8.21 years	22.54	550,589	22.33
24.84 - 51.97	677,947	13.11 years	33.61	141,107	27.64
52.05 - 54.00	31,334	14.61 years	52.08	--	--
	11,415,998	7.30 years	\$12.19	7,913,294	\$ 9.49

The Company applies the provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 and related interpretations in accounting for the stock based compensation plans. Accordingly, no compensation cost has been recognized by the Company in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for any of the fixed stock options granted. Had compensation cost for options granted been determined on the basis of the fair value of the awards at the date of grant, consistent with the methodology prescribed by SFAS No. 123, the Company's net earnings (loss) would have been reduced/increased to the following pro forma amounts for the years ended March 31 (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

		1999	1998	1997
Net earnings (loss).....	As reported	\$(15,142)	\$47,155	\$38,944
	Pro forma	(32,302)	40,725	37,881
Basic earnings (loss) per share.....	As reported	(.19)	.64	.55
	Pro forma	(.41)	.55	.53
Diluted earnings (loss) per share.....	As reported	(.19)	.58	.49
	Pro forma	(.41)	.50	.48

Pro forma net earnings (loss) reflect only options granted after fiscal 1995. Therefore, the full impact of calculating compensation cost for stock options under SFAS No. 123 is not reflected in the pro forma net earnings amounts presented above because compensation cost is reflected over the options' vesting period of 8-9 years and compensation cost for options granted prior to April 1, 1995 is not considered.

The Company maintains an employee stock purchase plan which provides for the purchase of shares of common stock at 85% of the market price. There were 129,741, 125,151 and 110,332 shares purchased under the plan during the years ended March 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively.

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

(9) Income Taxes

Total income tax expense (benefit) was allocated as follows (dollars in thousands):

	1999	1998	1997
	-----	-----	-----
Income from operations.....	\$ 2,843	\$28,065	\$23,605
Stockholders' equity, for expenses for tax purposes in excess of amounts recognized for financial reporting purposes:			
Compensation.....	(9,178)	(2,763)	(2,232)
Sale discounts (note 8).....	(27,215)	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
	\$(33,550)	\$25,302	\$21,373
	=====	=====	=====

Income tax expense (benefit) attributable to earnings (loss) from operations consists of (dollars in thousands):

	1999	1998	1997
	-----	-----	-----
Current expense:			
Federal.....	\$ 18,285	\$12,889	\$13,714
Foreign.....	1,165	1,206	83
State.....	7,247	1,827	1,645
	-----	-----	-----
	26,697	15,922	15,442
	-----	-----	-----
Deferred expense (benefit):			
Federal.....	(14,780)	9,792	5,979
Foreign.....	(248)	23	687
State.....	(8,826)	2,328	1,497
	-----	-----	-----
	(23,854)	12,143	8,163
	-----	-----	-----
Total tax expense.....	\$ 2,843	\$28,065	\$23,605
	=====	=====	=====

The actual income tax expense (benefit) attributable to earnings (loss) from operations differs from the expected tax expense (benefit) (computed by applying the U.S. Federal corporate tax rate of 35% to earnings (loss) before income taxes) as follows (dollars in thousands):

	1999	1998	1997
	-----	-----	-----
Computed expected tax expense (benefit).....	\$(4,305)	\$26,327	\$21,892
Increase (reduction) in income taxes resulting from:			
Nondeductible merger and integration expenses.....	7,836	--	--
State income taxes, net of Federal income tax benefit.....	(1,026)	2,701	2,042
Research and experimentation credits.....	(265)	(715)	(683)
Other.....	603	(248)	354
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 2,843	\$28,065	\$23,605
	=====	=====	=====

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred tax assets and liabilities at March 31, 1999 and 1998 are presented below (dollars in thousands).

	1999	1998
	-----	-----
Deferred tax assets:		
Accrued expenses not currently deductible for tax purposes.....	\$ 20,633	\$ 2,150
Investments, principally due to differences in basis for tax and financial reporting purposes....	328	676
Net operating loss carryforwards.....	7,986	--
Other.....	1,696	846
	-----	-----
Total deferred tax assets.....	30,643	3,672
	-----	-----
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Property and equipment, principally due to differences in depreciation.....	(12,887)	(11,099)
Intangible assets, principally due to differences in amortization.....	(3,624)	(2,212)
Capitalized software and other costs expensed as incurred for tax purposes.....	(20,501)	(20,618)
Installment sale gains for tax purposes.....	(1,877)	(1,843)
	-----	-----
Total deferred tax liabilities.....	(38,889)	(35,772)
	-----	-----
Net deferred tax liability.....	\$ (8,246)	\$(32,100)
	=====	=====

At March 31, 1999, the Company had available tax benefits associated with state tax operating loss carryforwards of \$45.7 million which expire annually in varying amounts to 2014. The deferred tax effect of such carryforwards are included above.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Based upon the Company's history of substantial profitability and taxable income and its utilization of tax planning strategies, management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefits of these deductible differences, net of any valuation allowances.

(10) Related Party Transactions

The Company leases certain equipment from a business partially owned by an officer. Rent expense under these leases was approximately \$797,000 during the years ended March 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. Under the terms of the lease in effect at March 31, 1999 the Company will make monthly lease payments of \$66,000 through December, 2001. The Company has agreed to pay the difference, if any, between the sales price of the equipment and 70 percent of the lessor's related loan balance (approximately \$5.0 million at March 31, 1999) should the Company elect to exercise its early termination rights or not extend the lease beyond its initial five year term and the lessor sells the equipment as a result thereof.

(11) Retirement Plans

The Company has a retirement savings plan which covers substantially all domestic employees. The Company also offers a supplemental non-qualified deferred compensation plan for certain management

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

employees. The Company matches 50% of the employee's salary deferred contributions under both plans up to 6% annually and may contribute additional amounts to the plans from the Company's earnings at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Effective October 1, 1988, May & Speh established the May & Speh, Inc. Employee Stock Ownership Plan ("ESOP") for the benefit of substantially all of its employees. May & Speh borrowed \$22,500,000 from a bank ("ESOP Loan") and loaned the proceeds to the ESOP for the purpose of providing the ESOP sufficient funds to purchase 9,887,340 shares of May & Speh's common stock at \$2.28 per share. The terms of the ESOP agreement required May & Speh to make minimum contributions sufficient to meet the ESOP's debt service obligations. During the year ended March 31, 1999, the ESOP loan was paid in full and the ESOP was merged into the Company's retirement savings plan.

Company contributions for the above plans amounted to approximately \$4.8 million, \$4.3 million and \$3.9 million in 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively.

(12) Major Customers

In 1999 and 1998, the Company had one major customer who accounted for more than 10% of revenue, and in 1997, the Company had two major customers who accounted for more than 10% of revenue. Allstate Insurance Company ("Allstate") accounted for revenue of \$82.2 million (10.9%), \$74.7 million (12.6%) and \$67.7 million (13.6%) in 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively, and Trans Union accounted for revenue of \$56.6 million (11.3%) in 1997. At March 31, 1999, accounts receivable from Allstate was \$12.0 million.

(13) Foreign Operations

Foreign operations are conducted primarily in the United Kingdom. The following table shows financial information by geographic area for the years 1999, 1998 and 1997 (dollars in thousands).

	United States	Foreign	Consolidated
	-----	-----	-----
1999:			
Revenue.....	\$712,907	\$41,150	\$754,057
Long-lived assets.....	454,631	10,687	465,318
	=====	=====	=====
1998:			
Revenue.....	557,683	34,646	592,329
Long-lived assets.....	305,219	7,860	313,079
	=====	=====	=====
1997:			
Revenue.....	470,812	28,420	499,232
Long-lived assets.....	207,717	6,106	213,823
	=====	=====	=====

(14) Contingencies

The Company is involved in various claims and legal actions in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or its expected future consolidated results of operations.

(15) Dispositions

Effective August 22, 1997, the Company sold certain assets of its Pro CD subsidiary to a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Business Information, Inc. ("ABI"). ABI is now known as infoUSA, Inc. ABI

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

acquired the retail and direct marketing operations of Pro CD, along with compiled telephone book data for aggregate cash proceeds of \$18.0 million, which included consideration for a compiled telephone book data license. The Company also entered into a data license agreement with ABI under which the Company will pay ABI \$8.0 million over a two-year period, and a technology and data license agreement under which ABI will pay the Company \$8.0 million over a two-year period. In conjunction with the sale to ABI, the Company also recorded certain valuation and contingency reserves. Included in other income for the year ended March 31, 1998 is the gain on disposal related to this transaction of \$855,000.

(16) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value.

Cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, trade receivables, short-term borrowings, and trade payables--The carrying amount approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Long-term debt--The interest rate on the revolving credit agreement is adjusted for changes in market rates and therefore the carrying value of the credit agreement approximates fair value. The estimated fair value of other long-term debt was determined based upon the present value of the expected cash flows considering expected maturities and using interest rates currently available to the Company for long-term borrowings with similar terms. At March 31, 1999 the estimated fair value of long-term debt approximates its carrying value.

(17) Segment Information

SFAS No. 131 "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information" ("SFAS 131") requires reporting segment information consistent with the way management internally disaggregates an entity's operations to assess performance and to allocate resources. As required, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS 131 in its fiscal 1999 consolidated financial statements and has presented its prior-year segment information to conform to SFAS 131's requirements.

The Company's business segments consist of Services, Data Products, and Information Technology Management. The Services segment substantially consists of consulting, database and data warehousing and list processing services. The Data Products segment includes all of the Company's data content products. Information Technology Management includes information technology outsourcing and facilities management for data center management, network management, client server management and other complementary information technology services. The Company evaluates performance of the segments based on segment operating income, which excludes special charges. The Company accounts for sales of certain data products as revenue in both the Data Products segment and revenue of the Services segment which billed the customer. The duplicate revenues are eliminated in consolidation.

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Concluded)

The following tables present information by business segment (dollars in thousands):

	1999	1998	1997
	-----	-----	-----
Services.....	\$444,020	\$331,713	\$274,751
Data Products.....	186,706	155,206	135,449
Information Technology Management.....	164,453	128,366	109,497
Intercompany eliminations.....	(41,122)	(22,956)	(20,465)
	-----	-----	-----
Total revenue.....	\$754,057	\$592,329	\$499,232
	=====	=====	=====
Services.....	\$ 90,776	\$ 55,302	\$ 46,453
Data Products.....	15,370	15,664	8,878
Information Technology Management.....	34,820	25,808	27,443
Intercompany eliminations.....	(20,771)	(11,942)	(11,639)
Corporate and other.....	(121,579)	(3,923)	(2,929)
	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) from operations.....	\$ (1,384)	\$ 80,909	\$ 68,206
	=====	=====	=====
Services.....	\$ 24,360	\$ 17,901	\$ 7,900
Data Products.....	19,214	12,660	8,861
Information Technology Management.....	20,039	16,547	14,046
Corporate and other.....	484	2,700	4,833
	-----	-----	-----
Depreciation and amortization.....	\$ 64,097	\$ 49,808	\$ 35,640
	=====	=====	=====

	March 31,	
	1999	1998
	-----	-----
Services.....	\$427,210	\$228,115
Data Products.....	167,111	130,704
Information Technology Management.....	238,164	172,834
Corporate and other.....	57,315	149,981
	-----	-----
Total assets.....	\$889,800	\$681,634
	=====	=====

(18) Selected Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

The table below sets forth selected financial information for each quarter of the last two years (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter
	-----	-----	-----	-----
1999:				
Revenue.....	\$164,512	\$180,030	\$193,910	\$215,605
Income (loss) from operations.....	20,321	(82,707)	25,958	35,044
Net earnings (loss).....	11,737	(60,548)	14,038	19,631
Basic earnings (loss) per share.....	.16	(.79)	.18	.25
Diluted earnings (loss) per share.....	.14	(.79)	.16	.22
1998:				
Revenue.....	\$129,390	\$141,739	\$152,892	\$168,308
Income from operations.....	15,006	21,000	20,825	24,078
Net earnings.....	8,265	12,575	12,074	14,241
Basic earnings per share.....	.11	.17	.16	.19
Diluted earnings per share.....	.10	.15	.15	.17

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE OF VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS
 Years ended March 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997
 (In thousands)

	Balance at beginning of period	Additions charged to costs and expenses	Other additions (note)	Bad debts written off	Bad debts recovered	Balance at end of period
1999:						
Allowance for doubtful accounts, returns and credits.....	\$3,847	2,373	710	2,026	715	\$5,619
	=====	=====	=====	=====	===	=====
1998:						
Allowance for doubtful accounts, returns and credits.....	\$4,898	3,105	224	4,777	397	\$3,847
	=====	=====	=====	=====	===	=====
1997:						
Allowance for doubtful accounts, returns and credits.....	\$2,402	4,496	4,800	7,044	238	\$4,898
	=====	=====	=====	=====	===	=====

Note--Other additions represent the valuation accounts acquired in connection with business combinations.